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### Indian Standard

# SYMBOLS AND ABBREVIATIONS FOR USE IN GEOLOGICAL MAPS, SECTIONS AND SUBSURFACE EXPLORATORY LOGS

#### PART III SEDIMENTARY ROCKS

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### Indian Standard

## SYMBOLS AND ABBREVIATIONS FOR USE IN GEOLOGICAL MAPS, SECTIONS AND SUBSURFACE EXPLORATORY LOGS

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### Indian Standard

## SYMBOLS AND ABBREVIATIONS FOR USE IN GEOLOGICAL MAPS, SECTIONS AND SUBSURFACE EXPLORATORY LOGS

#### PART III SEDIMENTARY ROCKS

#### 0. FOREWORD

- 0.1 This Indian Standard (Part III) was adopted by the Indian Standards Institution on 2 April 1974, after the draft finalized by the Subsurface Exploration Sectional Committee had been approved by the Civil Engineering Division Council.
- 0.2 In all spheres of engineering construction, data on the nature of the geological formations constituting the foundations are indispensable. Often, these data are given on maps or in geological sections using symbols and abbreviations. Geological maps and sections are also required for other activities, such as mining and mineral prospecting. Such maps and sections are therefore being prepared by various agencies in the country. In the absence of any standard for the guidance of the engineering geologist or engineer, different symbols and abbreviations are being used by different agencies, resulting in entirely different representations of the same geological data. The data collected and presented by one agency for a particular purpose is often useful to other agencies investigating for a different job. It, therefore, becomes essential for all agencies to follow the same practice. This standard has been prepared to fulfil this need.
- 0.2.1 This standard (Part III) deals with sedimentary rocks while other parts are as follows:

Part I Abbreviations

Part II Igneous rocks

Part IV Metamorphic rocks

Part V Line symbols for formation contacts and structural features

0.3 The symbolization of rock types is based on the principles laid down by the International Organization for Standardization. For the rock types to be covered for symbolization, classification of sedimentary rocks as adopted by United States Bureau of Reclamation for engineering purposes has been used.

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- 0.4 In the formulation of this standard due weightage has been given to international co-ordination among the standards and practices prevailing in different countries in addition to relating it to the practices in the field in this country.
- 0.5 For the purpose of deciding whether a particular requirement of this standard is complied with, the final value, observed or calculated, expressing the result of a test, shall be rounded off in accordance with IS: 2-1960\*. The number of significant places retained in the rounded off value should be the same as that of the specified value in this standard.

#### 1. SCOPE

1.1 This standard (Part III) covers symbols for sedimentary rocks for use in geological maps, sections and logs of bore holes, test pits, exploratory drifts and shafts for river valley projects. Rock types covered in this standard are restricted to those commonly met with in engineering practice.

#### 2. BASIC PRINCIPLES OF SYMBOLIZATION

- 2.1 In order to represent a type of rock on a map or on a plan, the corresponding surface should be covered by the symbols representing the rock in question. The surfaces occupied by rocks of different types should be separated by a continuous thin line if there is a clear demarcation among the different types in nature.
- 2.2 The graphic symbols should be used in black and white for the representation of rocks and minerals. Additional letter symbols may be used to designate other characteristics, such as age.
- 2.3 There is a great variety of rocks and it is impossible to have an individual symbol for each of the rock types that are found in nature. For this reason, the symbols are developed for the most important and frequently occurring rock types. For listing the rock types, one of the simpler systems used for classification of rocks has been followed; however, the tables of symbols for rock types are not meant to provide a standard system of classification. The symbolization is based on the following principles:
  - a) In order to characterize the properties of rocks, elementary symbols are chosen, which should:
    - 1) be as simple as possible and therefore easily traceable,
    - 2) express the nature of the rock, and
    - 3) be of such dimensions that several elementary symbols can be placed next to each other.

<sup>\*</sup>Rules for rounding off numerical values ( revised ).

- b) Principal rock types are represented by the juxtaposition of several identical elementary symbols; the variations of the above are shown by the addition of the elementary symbols which characterize the principal constituents.
- c) In order to characterize the loose form of rock, symbols should be arranged with no determined order; a systematic staggered arrangement should represent the consolidated form of a rock.
- d) The individual elements or the rows of symbols should be arranged either parallel to the stratification or foliation where applicable or parallel to the margin of the map or the geological formation under portrayal, as found convenient. The procedure adopted should be indicated on the plan.
- 2.3.1 The basic symbols given in this standard should not be used for representations other than specified. Within the framework of these principles, symbols for other rocks not covered in this standard may be developed and intimated to the Indian Standards Institution. Similarly for any characteristic not represented by a symbol, a new symbol may be chosen.

#### 3. GRAPHIC SYMBOLS FOR SEDIMENTARY ROCKS

3.1 Elementary and Basic Symbols — The elementary symbols relating to sedimentary rocks and the basic symbols for the principal rock types are given in Tables 1 and 2 respectively.

#### 3.2 Mixed Symbols for Rocks

- 3.2.1 For developing mixed symbols for sedimentary rocks of a mixed character, the following points should be kept in view:
  - a) Irregular arrangement of the basic symbols characterizes loose rocks and a systematic staggered arrangement represents consolidated rocks.
  - b) The symbols for mixed types of rocks are derived by combining suitably elementary symbols (see Table 1) and the basic symbols (see Table 2).
- 3.2.2 The symbols for different rock types commonly met with in engineering practice are given in Table 3. Symbols for rock types not given in this table may be developed on the basis of the principles laid down in 2.3 and 3.2.1.
- 3.2.3 Where features are too small for graphical representation either an asterisk may be given against the feature and explained in the legend or the name of the rock written out.

## TABLE 1 ELEMENTARY SYMBOLS RELATING TO SEDIMENTARY ROCKS

[ Clauses 3.1 and 3.2.1 (b) ]

Detritus		Anhydrite	$\triangle$
Gritty pebbly	0	Sodium salt	
Sandy		Potassium-	$\boxtimes$
Silty		magn <del>e</del> sium salt	N N Mg
Argillaceous		Ferruginous	//
Calcareous	I	Siliceous	<b>V</b>
Dolomitic	I	Carbonaceous	~
Gypsiferous	<b>\rightarrow</b>	Bituminous	

(Continued)

## **TABLE 1 ELEMENTARY SYMBOLS RELATING TO SEDIMENTARY ROCKS**—Contd

#### Miscellaneous

Concretion	2	Humous	=
Ooides	0 0	Fossiliferous (in general)	f
Incrustations for	&\$ U.S.	Vertebrates	<b>%</b>
example ferruginous	44 44	Invertebrates ( marine )	Q
Cavern for example		Invertebrates ( non-marine )	$\bigcirc$
in limestone		Microfauna	%
Volcanogenetic	/	Flora	7
Volcanogenetic admixtures	>	Microflora	9
Stigmarion bed	人杰亦入	Shelly layer	VVV

## TABLE 2 BASIC SYMBOLS FOR PRINCIPAL TYPES OF SEDIMENTARY ROCKS

[Clauses 3.1 and 3.2.1 (b)]

Detritus	000	Mudstone	
Gravel	0000	Shale	
Sand	· · · · · ·	Limestone	
Silt	****	Dolomite	
Clay	三雪	Gypsum	2
Breccia	0000	Anhydrite	AAA
Conglomerate	0000	Sodium salt	000
Sandstone		Siliceous rocks	**************************************
Siltstone	44 .44 .44 .44 .44 .44 .44 .44 .44 .44	Peat	70 mg mg

#### TABLE 3 DERIVED SYMBOLS FOR SEDIMENTARY ROCK TYPES

( Clause 3.2.2 )

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
TEXTURE	Essential Constituent	DEFINITIVE CHARACTERISTIC	Petrographic Type	Symbol
,		Fragments > 32 mm	Agglomerate or breccia	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$
	Volcanic ejecta	Particles > 4 mm < 32 mm	Lapilli tuff	∵·→ >∵·−
Clastic (composed predominantly of rock and mineral grains derived by		Particles < 4 mm	Tuff	
weathering and erosion, and deposited by water, wind, ice or gravity;	Gravel	Abraded particles > 4 mm over 500 clay < 25%	%, Conglomerate	
showing varying degrees of ce- mentation or consolidation)	Rock and mineral fragments	Angular particles > 4 mm over 50 clay < 25%	%, Breccia	00000
	Rock frag- ments and	Fragments are greatly varied, occasionally exhibit faceting, high range of sizes usually unsorted; matrix	Till	0.0
	clay	usually clay, sometimes sand, usually greatly in excess of fragments  Comp	act Tillite	00

Texture	Essential Constituent	Depinitive Characteristic	PETROGRAPHIC TYPE	Symbol
			Sandstone	$\vdots$
			Quartzite	
	Sand	Particles < 4 mm > 1/16 mm over 50%, clay < 25%	Arkose	/· · · · /·
r.			Graywacke	1.0/.D
Clastic (composed predominantly of rock and mineral grains derived by weathering and erosion, and deposited by water, wind, ice or gravity;			Subgraywacke	·\··/· · a/.a
	Detrital grains of calcite	Calcite > 50%, clay < 25%	Limestone	
showing varying degrees of ce- mentation or consolidation)	Silt	Particles < 1/16 mm over 50%, clay < 25%; massive to stratified	Siltstone	AA 24 44 44 44 44 44 44

	Predominant particles < 1/16 mm, fissile	Shale	
	Predominant particles < 1/16 mm, open structure	Loess	12,12,13 12,11,13
	Clay > 25%, massive to stratified	Claystone	
	Predominantly clay or silt, fissile	Shale	
Clay minerals	Predominantly clays and sericite, incipient recrystallization	Argillite ( mudstone )	
	Montmorillonite clays > 75%	Bentonite	
	Kaolinite clays > 75%	Kaolin	
Clay and calcite	Very fine grained; carbonates 25 to 75%	Marl, marlstone	

7	TABLE 3 DERIVED SYMBOLS FOR SEDIMENTARY ROCK TYPES — Contd					
Texture	Essential Constituent	Definitive Characteristic		PETROGRAPHIC TYPE	Symbol	
			Coarse to microcrystalline, compact	Limestone		
		Carbonate	Fine to microcrystalline, porous, firm to friable	Chalk	ITIT	
	Calcite	> 50% of which calcite > 50%	Spongy, porous, firm to friable, fine to micro- crystalline	Tufa	TTTT	
			Compact to porous, band- ed, fine to microcrystalline	Travertine		
	Calcite and clay	Very fine-grain	ed; calcite 25 to 75%	Marl, maristone		
Crystalline (composed predominantly of coarse to fine or microcrystalline to cryptocrystalline aggregates of crystals precipitated chemically	Carbonates	Carbonates > 25%, compact to earthy; deposited by ground water		Caliche	23.0	
	Dolomite	Carbonate > 50% of which dolomite > 50%; coarse to fine, compact		Dolomite		
or biochemically from surface or subsurface waters)	Chalcedony	Chalcedony > cruptocrystalli compact	25%, microcrystalline to ne; conchoidal fracture,	Chalcedonic chert	$V_{\Psi\Psi}$	

Cryptocrystal- line quartz	Cryptocrystalline quartz, > 50%	Novaculite	****
Chalcedony	Chalcedony > 25%; friable to firm; earthy to porous	Tripoli	
Crystalline phosphates	Crystalline phosphates > 50%	Phosphorite	222
Anhydrite	Anhydrite > 50%	Rock anhydrite	
Gypsum	Gypsum > 50%	Rock gypsum	\$ <del>*</del> \$
Halite	Halite > 50%	Rock salt	000
Haematite	Haematite > 50%	Haematite rock	
Crystalline hy- drous alumi- nium oxide:	Hydrous aluminium oxides > 50% of which > 50% are crystalline	Bauxite	

TABLE 3 DERIVED SYMBOLS FOR SEDIMENTARY ROCK TYPES - Contd

Texture	Essential Constituent	DEFINITIVE CHARACTERISTIC	Petrographic Type	Symbol
		Opal > 50%; massive to banded; compact	Opal, opaline chert, porcelanite	
	Opai	Opal > 50%; porous, massive to laminated	Siliceous sinter	\(\frac{\partial}{p}  \frac{\partial}{p}    \frac{\partial}{p}                                                                                                                                            \qua
		Deposited by geysers	Geyserite	$\nabla \nabla \nabla$
	Collophane	Accumulated bird excrement	<b>G</b> uaло,	20000
Amorphous (composed pre- dominantly of noncrystalline substances	Сопорнанс	Amorphous phosphates > 50%	Phosphorite	
precipitated or produced by chemical or biochemical action in surface or	Limonite	Limonițe > 50%	Limonite, bog iron	
ground water or within sediments by geologic pro- cesses )	Amorphous hydrous alu- minium oxides	Hydrous aluminium oxides > 50%, of which > 50% are amorphous	Bauxite	<b>Z</b> ,Z,Z

				Laterite	
		Hydrocarbons	Solid	Asphalt, mineral tar, gilsonite, grahamite	三出
		Amorphous carbon	Fibrous to spongy to compact; carbonized plant remains < 50%; black to brown	Coal	
,		Oxygenated hydrocarbons	Resinous, various light colours	Amber	250
		Calcareous shells and fragments	Whole or fragmental shells > 50%	Coquina	222
	Biofragmental (composed of whole or frag-	Diatom tests	Diatom tests > 50%	Diatomite, diato- maceous earth	·····
	mental remains of plants or animals)	Radiolarian tests	Radiolarian tests > 50%	Radiolarite, radio- larian earth	& & & & & &
		Foraminifera tests	Foraminifera tests > 50%	Foraminiferal limestone	

TABLE 3 DERIVED SYMBOLS FOR SEDIMENTARY ROCK TYPES — Contd

TEXTURE ESSENTIAL CONSTITUENT		Definitive Characteristic	PETROGRAPHIC TYPE	Symbol
	Algal structures	Algal structures > 50%	Algal limestone	7 9 9 7 9 9 9 9 9
	Coral structures	Coral structures > 50%	Coral limestone	
Biofragmental	Phosphatic shells teeth, bones	Phosphatic fossils > 50%	Phosphorite	
( composed of whole or frag- mental remains of plants or animals).		Brown to black, spongy to compact, plant remains readily visible	Peat	"35 "35 "35 "35
,	Partially or completely	Brown to black, fibrous to compact, slakes readily	Lignite	
	carbonized plant re- mains	Black, massive to banded, compact, slakes slowly	Bituminous coal	
		Black, massive to banded, submetallic, conchoidal fracture	Anthracite coal	

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